### III B. Tech – I Semester (17CS504) COMPUTER NETWORKS

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Int. Marks Ext. Marks Total Marks

40 60 100

Pre-Requisites: Data Communications

## **Course Objectives:**

- Understand state-of-the-art in network protocols, architectures, and applications.
- Process of networking research
- Constraints and thought processes for networking research
- Problem Formulation—Approach—Analysis

**UNIT–I: Introduction:** Network Topologies WAN, LAN, MAN. Reference models- The OSI Reference Model- the TCP/IP Reference Model - A Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP Reference Models

**UNIT–II: Physical Layer – Fourier Analysis** – Bandwidth Limited Signals – The Maximum Data Rate of a Channel - Guided Transmission Media, Digital Modulation and Multiplexing: Frequency Division Multiplexing, Time Division Multiplexing, Code Division Multiplexing

**Data Link Layer Design Issues**, Error Detection and Correction, Elementary Data Link Protocols, Sliding Window Protocols

**UNIT–III: The Data Link Layer -** Services Provided to the Network Layer – Framing – Error Control – Flow Control, Error Detection and Correction – Error-Correcting Codes – Error Detecting Codes, Elementary Data Link Protocols- A Utopian Simplex Protocol-A Simplex Stop and Wait Protocol for an Error free channel-A Simplex Stop and Wait Protocol for a Noisy Channel, Sliding Window Protocols-A One Bit Sliding Window Protocol-A Protocol Using Go-Back-NA Protocol Using Selective Repeat

**UNIT–IV: The Medium Access Control Sublayer-**The Channel Allocation Problem-Static Channel Allocation-Assumptions for Dynamic Channel Allocation, Multiple Access Protocols-Aloha- Carrier Sense Multiple Access Protocols-Collision-Free Protocols-Limited Contention Protocols.

**Network Layer:** Design Issues-The Network Layer Design Issues – Store and Forward Packet Switching-Services Provided to the Transport layer- Connection oriented vs Connection less services-Comparison of Virtual Circuit and Datagram Networks, Routing Algorithms-The Optimality principle-Shortest path Algorithm, Distance Vector Routing, Link State Routing.

**UNIT–V:** Congestion Control Algorithms- Approaches to Congestion Control-Traffic Aware Routing-Admission Control-Traffic Throttling-Load Shedding.

**Transport Layer** – The Internet Transport Protocols: Udp, the Internet Transport Protocols: Tcp, IPv4/IPv6.

**UNIT–VI: Application Layer** –The Domain Name System: The DNS Name Space, Resource Records, Name Servers, Electronic Mail: Architecture and Services, The User Agent, Message Formats, Message Transfer, Final Delivery, Application Layer protocols: DNS, SMTP, POP, FTP, HTTP.

# Course Outcomes:

1	Conceptualize the data communication models using OSI/ISO and	L2
1	TCP/IP protocol architectures.	
2	Implement different switching techniques	L3
3	Analyze protocols implemented in data link layer for error and flow control	L4
4	Analyze the features of MAC protocols and routing mechanisms.	L4
5	Analyze the features and operations of protocols in transport layer.	L4
6	Analyze the features of application layer protocols	L4

## **Correlation of COs with POs & PSOs:**

	PO-	PSO-	PSO-	PSO-											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO-1	1	2	3	-	1	1	-	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	2
CO-2	1	2	3	2	3	1	-	•	-	I	-	-	-	-	3
CO-3	1	3	3	3	3	1	-	•	-	I	-	-	2	-	2
CO-4	1	3	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
CO-5	1	2	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
CO-6	1	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3

### **Text Books:**

1. Tanenbaum and David J Wetherall, Computer Networks, 5th Edition, Pearson Edu, 2010

2. Computer Networks: A Top Down Approach, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Firouz Mosharraf, McGraw Hill Education

### **Reference Books:**

1. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie, "Computer Networks - A Systems Approach" (5<sup>th</sup> ed), Morgan Kaufmann/ Elsevier, 2011